





B&L

Een pleidooi voor minder zelfzorg





Also an overwhelming period
A lot of questions
A patchwork or services

Feelings of loneliness



Problem of fragmentation

Working in silos at service & policyy level



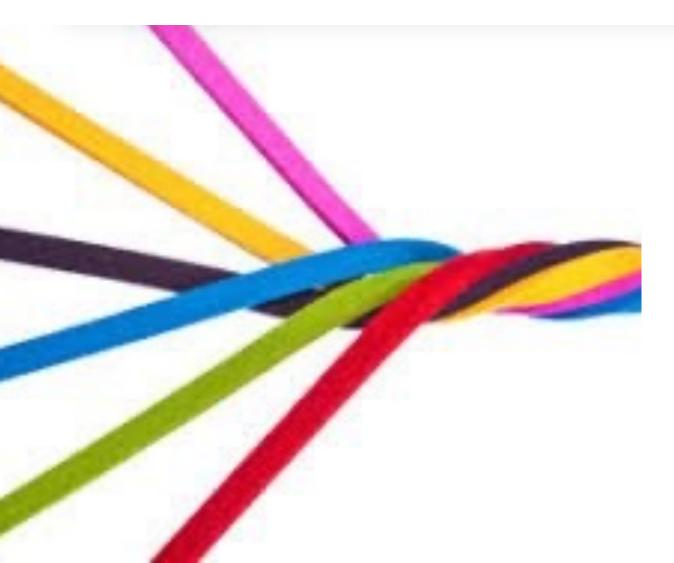
A problem of a child or family is never isolated, it's always **holistic**.
So, services should work holistically (Katrien Verhegge, TFIEY)



Poverty and exclusion are complex and multi-faceted problems. One of the main challenges in combating them is the fragmentation of services (Allen, 2003; Provan & Sebastian, 1998).

Complex problems require joined-up approaches (Moore & Fry, 2011).

Integrated working is the only way to go ...



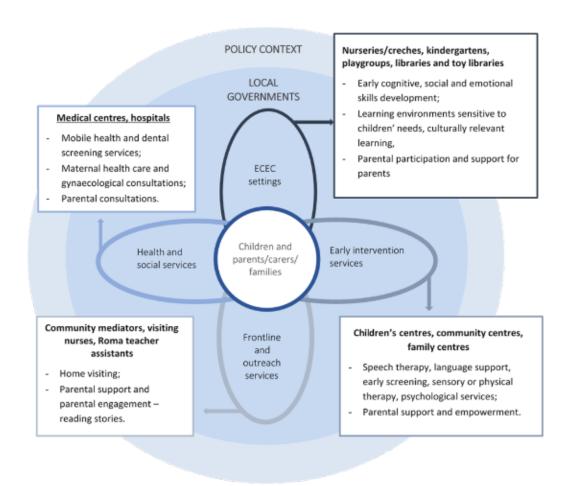
- in EU documents (e.g., EQF 9, OECD Starting Strong Reducing Inequalities by investing in ECEC, Toolkit for inclusive ECEC, European Child Guarantee)
- In research & EU programmes (e.g., INTESYS, ISOTIS, IAS, START)
- In practice (e.g., Family centres, children centres, ...)

Integrated working is the only way to go ...

More innovation

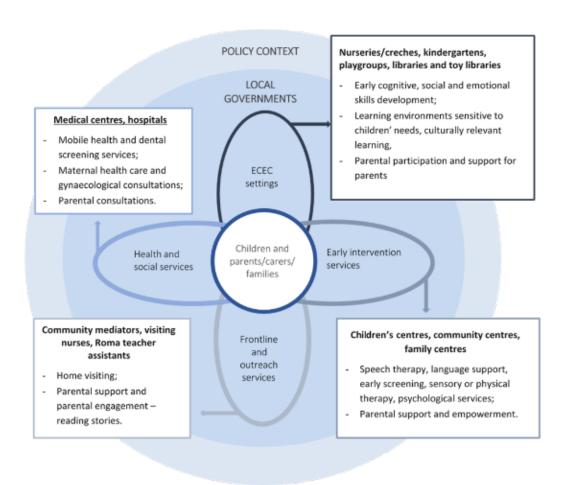


... and ECEC can play a pivotal role ...



Source: NESET, 2019; adapted from Bruner, 2010.

... and ECEC can play a pivotal role ...



E.g., Children centres (Pen Green, Newry early years and family centre), Elmer childcare, KOALA

- Enriching practices for children & Supportive for parents
- Accessibility ECEC <-> partner services
- Professionals share knowledge & expertise (e.g., work child centred, reciprocal partnerships with parents, working with diversity)

Source: NESET, 2019; adapted from Bruner, 2010.

... but why is it so hard?



Challenging times

e.g., complexity, staff shortage, work pressure, feels like extra work ...)

Structural issues

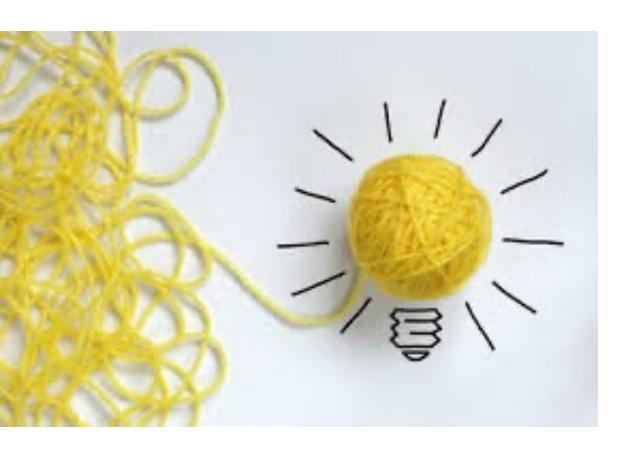
e.g., different governance structures

e.g., different funding (often chronically underfunded, or project subsidies)

e.g., different qualifications / structures / cultures / rules / language / laws / ... - no time to connect

e.g., lack of clear operational frameworks

Needed preconditions



- 1. A **shared vision**, starting from the **needs** of children & families
- 2. Family and community involvement **child & family centred**
- High quality services (cfr. EQF)
- 4. A competent system with strong leadership and reflective staff, with supportive system
- 5. Supportive **policy, funding & time**

Based on: NESET, 2019; INTESYS



1. A **shared vision**, starting from the **needs** of children & families

@ national level

Discussed & shared across all relevant sectors → time & resources

Based on the Rights of the Child & respecting diversity

@ local level & service level

Define the **why**: Common vision & goals to work in the best interest of the child & family, responsive to their multi-dimensional needs

Define the **how**: Roles & responsibilities

An example . . .

Why would we work together?

For children - families - the community?

For ourselves & colleagues - our organisation?

For the policy level?





With whom do we have to work together?

- In close collaboration
- More ad hoc



2. Family and community involvement

Family involvement

- Legislation & policies promote involvement of families
- Need for policies on accessibility & reaching families & data protection
- Work towards warm reciprocal relations with families, starting from mutual respect
- > < Hard to reach services (vs hard to reach families)</p>

Community involvement

Outreach strategies (e.g., community mediators – to bridge the gap between families and different services – through building mutual trust)

3. High quality services

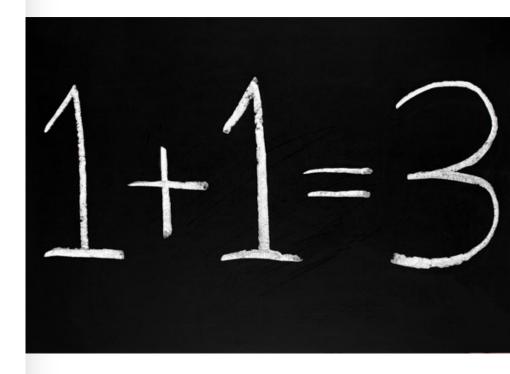
Process quality
Structural quality

Accessible

Available? Comprehensible?

Affordable? Known? Usable? Reachable?

Value diversity & inclusion



4. A competent system with strong leadership and reflective staff

Reflective staff

Willing to cooperate, open minded, shared learning, participative & inclusive work attitude

- Quality standards for integrated working
- Building capacity of all staff: well-qualified & supported (e.g., more joint courses & engage in greater collaboration; PLCs, networking, mentoring, ...)
- Promote staff diversity & community representation



4. A competent system with strong leadership and reflective staff

Competent system

- Support at individual, team, institutional & interinstitutional level (e.g., multi-agency teams, team learning, clear protocols and mandates, joint training, sharing expertise, frequent and regular information sharing, and reflective practice)
- Structural conditions (e.g., child free hours)





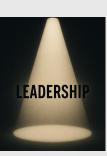




Strong leadership is a crucial condition for integrated working (Barnes et al., 2018).

The leader is required to keep the integrated network heading in the right direction, and to maintain cooperation between partners in order to reach their commonly agreed goals.

In essence, the leader's role is to ensure the network is **viable and lasting**.



Role

- Not hierarchical leadership
- Connect families, professionals, organisations
- Support network building: motivate, support, value, coach, empower, inspire, promote solidarity, ...
- Search participatively for shard vision, clarify expectations, keep focus, change management...
- Neutral position

Needed

- Clear communication
- Democratic decisionmaking
- Mutual respect
- Clear mandates & roles

Competences

- Managerial skills, strategic thinking, communicative skills, coaching skills, skills in change management
- Network skills: support & facilitate collaboration between families, professionals & organisations



Recommendations

- Invest in developing leadership capacity at
 - regional level /local government
 - the integrated network (e.g., network coordinator)
 - service level
- By specific training courses on:
 - Networking, collaborative working
 - Information sharing
 - Change management
 - Inspiring & motivating integrated teams
- By individual & group learning



5. Supportive **policy** and **funding**

Structural requirements

- Clear policy frameworks for universal, inclusive & comprehensive ECECsystems
- Promote progressive universalism >
 increase accessibility
- Different forms of ECEC & family support services responsive to the needs of families (e.g., community-based programs)
- Effective governance & monitoring processes



5. Supportive **policy** and **funding**

Adequate & sustainable funding

- Secure working conditions (e.g., wages, support, working hours, ACR, case load, ...)
- Support collaboration

Political will & commitment @all levels

In reality ...

Samenwerken in een netwerk | VBJK



